

R

GERMANY

rpt February 28, '43

WITZLEBEN

Field Marshal

Who's Who in Nazi Germany, Third Edition, Supplement II, London,  
February 28, 1943

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GERMANY

rpt May 20, 1943

WITZLEBEN

Major general since February 1934; became lt. general and commander of Berlin Wehrkreise; after army was enlarged, became commanding general of Berlin Army Corps; in November 1938 became commander-in-chief of Heeresgruppe 2 (Frankfurt-am-Main); col. general in November 1939; commander in chief of first Army in West.

R&A, (Central European Section) May 20, 1943

(11098)

CD 20244

S

GERMANY

rpt June 23, 1943

WITZLEBEN, General von

One of several generals named in connection with a recently uncovered plot against Hitler; some seven arrests were made and several executives / another report indicates that agents provocateurs had attempted to collect evidence against HALDER.

100-332

DSS, Bern, June 23, 1943

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dead

S-3

GERMANY

rpt June 28, 1943

WITZLEBEN, General von

Was rumored to have been one of three officers who were arrested on their way to assassinate HITLER; a von ARNIM was among them; they were put to death.

OSB #12681, Bern, July 28, 1943

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CD 21057

8

ITALY

rpt July 3, 1943

WITZLEBEN, von (HERMANN)

German forces under him in the Florence, Pisa, and Siena area  
comprise one armored division and five to six other divisions.

Dated July 3, 1943

#481

OS (State Department), Bern, July 10, 1943

(11098)

CD 1578

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

CRIMINAL

WODEHOUSE, F G.

Evacuated from Adler in Berlin to make room for fast growing delegations of Arabs and Egyptians whom Nazis are trying to win over by promises of racial equality.

SS#3026, Bern, June 30, 1942

CED 16658-F

GERMANY

1938

WILFAHRT, E.

Psychologist; at High Command's Central Psychological Laboratory in 1938, he delivered a lecture showing that testing of interest is used in psychological testing stations in the army, and that the methods used are based on the American psychologist, E. K. Strong.

Committee for National Morale, German Psychological Warfare,  
New York, September 1941, pp. 82-83

(11090)

October 1, 1942

GERMANY

WOHLR, Lt. General

His promotion to Lt. General  
effective October 1, 1942.

Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung  
State Department Plain Cable, Bern, December 3, 1942



WD 16358-F

1938

GERMANY

WOHLTAT, H. C. H.

An undersecretary of the German Ministry of Economics and one of the foremost commercial strategists of the Third Reich / in 1937 wrote The State's Control of Foreign Trade which appeared in the Zeitschrift fuer Geopolitik and which outlined the strategy of economic warfare.

Committee for National Morale, German Psychological Warfare,  
New York, September, 1941, p. 108

(11398)

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## REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMAN

To February 1941

WOHLTAT, Dr.

Economic expert of Reichsbank / looks in his early '40s, is probably older / suave, with excellent manners but absolutely brutal underneath / appeared early in Nazi regime / has travelled all over world, but is loath to admit it / was officer in last war and probably worked on geopolitical schemes of Secret General Staff / on his travels sometimes worked as day laborer / reputed to have spent quite some time in American oil fields / supposed to have an American wife of reputedly Nazi sympathies / has quiet, well-mannered daughter of about 20 / spent some time in Holland after its conquest, probably to obtain Dutch oil shares / became prominent during German-humanian negotiations in 1939 / Frau von COLEK helped prepare his way / had special powers as representative of Reichsbank and did very able job / played important part in early days in expropriation of Jews which latter resented as he had been helped by them /

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To February 1941

GERMANY

WOHLTAT, Dr.

11679

when Iron Guard in Rumania started to appropriate Jewish property, Wohltat and Germans became protective towards Jews, because they did not want Rumanians to control any of industry, and they knew they could throw the Jews out any time they wanted to / in 1942 was reported to be in Tokyo for economic negotiations with the Japanese.

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, December 14, 1942  
(Source left Germany in February 1941)

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GERMANY

rpt September 1, 1941

WOHLTHAT, HELMUTH CHRISTIAN

German capitalist and economic adviser to GÖRRING / born Wisman, Germany, 1893; student Military Academy and Cologne University, Germany; also New York University and Columbia / assigned to serve in 2d Rhine Artillery, 1912; became regimental adjutant, 1914, brigade adjutant, 1916, 1st Lt. 1917, captain, 1919 / came to U.S. and had his first business experience in the oil fields of Pa., returned to Germany when Hitler came into power; became member Ministry of Economics as associate with Hjalmar Horace Greeley SCHACHT (a relative of Wohlthat's wife); sent as commercial representative of the German Reich to various parts of the world (spoke 4 languages); served with Office for Milk, Oil and Fat Production, 1933; became ministerial director and chief, Reich Office for Currency Control, 1935; ministerial dir. for special allocations in connection with the 4-year plan since 1938; Prussian state councillor since 1939; recently in the news (over)

(11098)

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rpt September 1, 1941

ER

GERMANY

WOHLTHAT, HELMUTH CHRISTIAN

for organizing the German coal operators into an association which will operate under a minimum of state control; this association of capitalists is expected to produce and distribute more coal than the former state-operated organization did.

Who's Who Monthly Supplement, quarterly cumulation, September 1, 1941

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

VON KAT, DOCTOR

Was sent by Hitler to acquire minerals, pyrites, manganese, lead, and mercury from Spanish mines directly after the Civil War.

Miravites      'Nazi Movement in Spain'      October 22, 1941

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rpt June 8, 1943

GERMANY

WOLTHAT, HELMUTH

Head of the German Economic Mission in Japan.

Tokyo radio, June 8, 1943

FCC, Daily Report, June 8, 1943

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**CID 8543**

**GERMANY**

**rpt November 11, 1941**

**WOLF, Major**

**With Felix von FRANTZIUS assists FAUPEL (q.v.) in the center for military espionage within the Ibero-American Institute in Berlin.**

**Article dated November 11, 1941 written by ? (presumably SANCHEZ CALVETE, q.v., ARGENTINA)**

**(11098)**



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F

rpt July 24, 1942

GERMANY

WOLF

With NEBE and HUBER, is a close adjutant of HIMMLER; these men as a group have replaced HESS and are in a far stronger position than he ever attained.

Personalities in Hitler's GHQ

De Felt Woche, Berlin, July 24, 1942

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A-8499

S

GREECE

rpt May 10, 1943

WOLF, Von

Commanding officer of the 'Kreis Kommandantur' (Aegean) which has been disbanded; he has left for Salonika with officers of his department, as well as the greater part of the Feld Gendarmerie.

Reliable source, May 10, 1943  
OS3, Washington (diss) July 27, 1943

F

RUSSIA

July 13, 1943

WOLF, Dr. FRIEDRICH

German playwright; became member of anti-Nazi German national committee formed in Moscow on July 12, 13, 1943, with Erich WEINERT (q.v.) as president.

UP, Moscow, July 21, 1943

New York Times, July 22, 1943, p. 6

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Doctor of medicine and writer from Stuttgart.

Intercontinent News

Daily Worker, July 22, 1943

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RUSSIA      also GERMANY

rpt July 28, 1943

WOLF, FRIDRICH

ie, Wilhelm PIECK and Wilhelm FLOREN, [all members of the  
'National Committee for Free Germany'] have been genuine communists  
for years through thick and thin.

German Social Democrat in Switzerland who has opposed Nazism for years.  
OSS #20413, Bern, July 28, 1943

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REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

Prior to 1933?

WOLF, GUSTAV

A Transylvanian / was instrumental in the appointment of H. LAZAR (SPAIN, q.v.) as representative and correspondent of the DNB (Deutsches Nachrichten Bureau) in Bucarest; at the time, Wolf was in the Berlin Foreign Office Press Department.

OSS, S., New York      December 1, 1942

12951 B

REFERENCE CARD

W

GERMANY

September 27, 1942

WOLF, KÄTHE

In a letter to Arthur M. KAY (U.S.) Dr. Ernst MOSER (q.v. SWITZERLAND) writes that Käthe Wolf should have been evacuated in August, [1942,] provided that the fact that Moser tipped her off did not cause some delay.

Letter from Dr. Ernst Moser, Schaffhausen, Switzerland  
to Arthur M. Kay, Esq., 5 Croppers Rd., Scarsdale, N.Y.  
September 27, 1942

0-4097

GERMANY

rpt March 17, 1943

WOLFF

Of Reichsmann; he and SUSSEKIND have accompanied Dr. CLODIUS to Ankara where they will have an official meeting in the Foreign Ministry.

Source: well-placed, reliability unknown  
B, Istanbul, March 17, 1943

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January 1, 1943

**GERMANY**

**WOLFF, Lt. General**

His promotion from Major General  
to Lt. General effective January  
1, 1943.

State Department Plain Cable #641, Bern, February 5, 1943

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GERMANY

March 7, 1943

WOLFF, Dr.

Gauwirtschaftsberater; in Hamburger Freidenblatt of March 7, 1943 he states that hardships of war living with these encroachments on German economic life, but that the necessary encroachments have been made for the exclusive purpose of increasing Germany's war potential.

News Digest, March 15, 1943

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REFERENCE CARD

7-16

(K)WOLF

WOLFF, DR.

According to German Consul in Algiers, FRIEDRICH, was member of a so-called geological Survey Mission which has just completed work in Northern Algeria, south of Algiers; has 3000 aerial photographs which he is taking back to Berlin; other members of expedition were: Dr. STEINHAUSEN, Dr. FROSCHE, Dr. BROUWER (sq.v.) and three Frenchmen; H.M. BUCHHEI, NICKAU, and HOFFMAN, considered as not ascertained collaborationists; Mission left for Marseilles May 30, 1942; Wolff is of Berlin.

German Activities in French North Africa

Felix Gols, American Consul General, Algiers, June 10, 1942

BR FU-673

GERMANY

WOLFF, EMIL

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C

GERMANY

rpt June 5, 1942

WOLFF, GEORGE

Addressee of letter from 'Kurt' in New York which says that writer has seen following Germans in U.S.: Werner PLEUSER, Rudi KERNBERG, KOCHS, TIPS, KRENTZMANN (U.S.); mentions visit paid to Father COUGHLIN and suggests that Wolff contact Franz SCHIMPF in Berlin.

Censorship intercept  
OSS, Washington, June 5, 1942

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GERMANY

rpt August 30, 1943

WULF, Lt. General KARL

(Chief of Army Education and Training; / among Army officers who  
attended Reich Youth competitions held recently in Breslau.

Berlin radio

FCC, Daily Report, August 30, 1943

(11098)

December 1, 1942

GERMANY

WOLFF, Lt. General LUDWIG

His promotion to Lt. General  
effective December 1, 1942.

Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung  
State Department Plain Cases, Bern. December 8, 1942

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GERMANY

rpt June 14, 1943

KOLFF, OTTO

One of German firms carrying out the Nazi control of European industry.

Washington, OWI, June 14, 1943

New York Times, June 15, 1943, p. 5

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REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

WOLFF, RICHARD

Group Leader; one of three chief liaison officers for the three sections of the newly reorganized German espionage system; for details of reorganization see CANARIS; other two liaison officers are FELLOEBEL and HEWEL; Wolff commanded Zeppelins in the last war and was very active as chief of the air bombardment of England; for some years has been leader of the Horseman group of the Elite Guards.

Die Zeitung, London, as reported in PII, August 25, 1942



CD 19163

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GERMANY

rpt May 21, 1943

WOLFF, RICHARD

Member of HITLER's inner circle at the moment; he, GOEBBELS, and HIMMLER are the 'fight to the bitter end' members of this circle; in view of his direct contact with the SS personnel, even more direct than Himmler's, he is more important than is generally believed.

Reliable source

#1115

OS (State Department), Bern, May 21, 1943

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GERMANY

rpt August 1, 1943

1 DLEB

SS Gruppenführer / Liaison between HIMMLER's Gestapo and Hitler's  
HQ.

Eugene Tillinger, Washington Post, August 1, 1943, p. 2B

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BR 10-889

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GERMANY

VOLKER, Mgr.

See report on 'The Catholic Youth Associations in pre-Hitler Germany'.

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Field

rpt September 17, 1942

GERMANY

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District Leader in Konstanz.

31 C, September 17, 1942

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PS

CHILE

rpt March 6, 1943

WOLLMANN SECKEL, BRUNO

Born in Germany and was educated there; came to Chile in 1938 where he obtained a Chilean passport because his mother, Senora Seckel de WOLLMANN, now in Germany, is a Chilean national; states that he left Germany for Switzerland in 1938 because he is opposed to the Hitler regime / in Switzerland he bought 1,970 U.S. dollars because he eventually hoped to go to the U.S.; however, he was refused a U.S. visa in Guayaquil, Ecuador because of his German nationality; instead he came to Chile where he obtained a position as a professor in charge of the testing laboratory of the Universidad Tecnica Federico Santa Maria / of Hebrew faith; declares that he is anti-Nazi / in 1923 he visited his brother-in-law, Manuel TANA (UNITED STATES) in New Jersey; his mother expects to be included in the forthcoming exchange of Chilean and German nationals, and to come to Chile at that time / the

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rpt March 6, 1943

CHILE

WOLLMANN Seckel, Bruno

State Department, Santiago, recommends that Wollmann be allowed the value of his dollar currency but that the proceeds be blocked and released in monthly payments of 100 each.

State Department, Valparaiso      Santiago,  
State Department Airgram #A-338, March 6, 1943

PS

CHILE

rpt March 6, 1943

WOLLMANN, Senora SECKEL de

A Chilean national now in Germany; expects to be included in the forthcoming exchange of Chileans and German nationals, and to come to Chile at that time / mother of Bruno WOLLMANN SECKEL (q.v., CHILE).

State Department, Valparaiso

State Department Airgram #A-338, Santiago, March 6, 1943

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Field

rpt September 25, 1942

GERMANY

WORRETSCH (?), Dr. KARL

Governmental Privy Councillor  
/ was awarded the Goethe Medal  
by the Führer in Naumburg on  
the Soale.

FCC, September 25, 1942

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REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

February 1941

WÖRMANN, Dr.

Secretary of State in Foreign Office / of good family / arrogant and bad-mannered / in 1930-39 made no effort to disguise conviction that Germany was entitled to rule the world / shortly after outbreak of war, tried to persuade Americans that he believed in cooperation etc. / source believes he could not be trusted.

OS 5, New York, Sigrid Schultz, December 11, 1942.  
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

CHINA

rpt April 17, 1943

FORMANN, Dr. ERNST

Former Chief of the political section of the German Foreign  
office; has been appointed Ambassador to the Nanking Government.

Berne, April 17, 1943  
New York Times, April 18, 1943, p.31

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GERMANY

rpt April 20, 1943

NEUMANN, Dr.

Probably the size of the owner of the famous Neumann Linie,  
the East African shipping line.

RAA, Central European Section oral (Neumann), April 20, 1943

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1949

re April 22, 1948

CHINA

WILSON

WILSON CHINA

His appointment as Ambassador to China falls into same category as BIRCKHOFF's and WEINSTEINER's (q.v.).

R & A - Armstrong and Fournier, April 22, 1948

(12 038)

GERMANY also CHINA

rpt April 17, 1943

**WORMANN, Dr. EIGHT**

Has been appointed Ambassador to Hanking; former chief of political section of Foreign Office, where he has been succeeded by Andor **ENCKE**.

Telephone from Bern, April 17, 1943  
New York Times, April 18, 1943, p. 31

R

July 25, 1943

CHINA - HANKING

WO MAHN, ERNST

German Ambassador to the Hanking Government / arrived in Shanghai  
July 25; is to leave soon for Hanking.

Tokyo radio

FCC, Daily Report, July 26, 1943.

(11098)

AMIA HANKING

rpt August 3, 1943

WORMANN, Dr. ERNST

New German Ambassador to Hanking / arrived in Hanking  
August 3rd and was received by representatives of the  
Government and the Axis Powers.

Berlin and Tokyo Radio

CC. Daily Report, August 3, 1943

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REFERENCE CARD

7-115

GERMANY

rpt December 19, 1942

WREDE, Prince

According to source, his title of Prince is a genuine one.

OSI, New York, Sigrid Schulta, December 19, 1942

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REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

WIDE

Gestapo liaison man in Propaganda Ministry, detailed to survey foreign correspondents; in his late twenties or early thirties, son of American woman who is a rabid Nazi; went all over Europe to contact Nazi groups in foreign countries; fanatic Nazi; while in Bucharest in 1940, met Countess WALDECK (see U.S.) and in spite of the fact that she is Jewish, was so nice to her that he must have found her useful; according to her, he said that all American correspondents were spies.

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, Nov. 5, 1942

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7-16

## REFERENCE CARD

rpt December 19, 1942

GERMANY

WREDE, Prince

According to source, bought his title with the money of his rich Argentinian wife, and is a Viennese Jew originally named Guensberg / has twin daughters, Carmen and Edda (see Argentina), and one son, killed on Russian front / late in '20s, bought castle near Bayreuth and entertained lavishly, specialising in artists and royalty; became leader of Bayreuth Stahlhelm, and joined Nazis in 1933 / when their Argentine fortune was cut off by Argentine Government restrictions, he and his wife moved into modest apartment in Bayreuth, and eventually went to Argentina / was seen by source in Paris in September 1938; said he and wife were en route back to Germany as they could not bear to live anywhere else / his wife wrote source's aunt a violently Nazi letter after outbreak of war.

R/te/E/R/

OS3, New York, December 22, 1942